A Life Story / Told by Leonardo da Vinci

Maby nobody in history achieved what Leonardo da vinci did in differnt fields.
Leonardo was born in 1452. He was an artiest and a architect, He designed bridges, high ways, wipones and sience instruments. Also he invented submarines and flying vehicles although he couldnt bild it with the materials which existed at his time. He also discovered important informations about the human-body.
He had the same style dealing with science and art. He first studied the problemes then he put many planes to finet solutions for it.
He didn't find ang differnce between planing a machine or a painting, So he became an expert in every subject that interested him.
When he was 20 years old he became president of the painters guild.
Many artists were influenced by his works, he always tried many new ways like distributing the lightes and shadowes in his paintes.
The last Supper is one of the great painting for Leonardo da vinci but the most famouse painting for Leonardo is The Monalisa.
Leonardo wac realy a man of many

Content	Discourse & Organization	Vocabulary	Language Usage & Convention
4	4	4	4

A Life Story / Told by Bill klinton

He is the ex-presedent of U.S.A (united states). He was a presedent for 8 years, that means two periods.
His wife's name is halary. she studied law.
They have just one girl. her name is shelsy.
When he was apiesedeut he was accused by manika for sexual bothsings. this problem had been the headline for all the press T.V and the radio for along time.
He is not allowed, by the law, to be a presedent for more than two periods (8 years). because of that he left this role to george Bosh - this year. He helped in signing the contract between Jordan and Israel. As any presedent some people tried to assassinate him.

Content	Discourse & Organization	Vocabulary	Language Usage & Convention
2	2	2	2

A Life Story / Told by Tovi Dalal

HAIM NACHMAN BIALIK

Haim Nachman Bialik was born in 1873, and dies in 1934 at the age of 61.
Bialik was born in "Rach-Wollin" near "Zitomir".
When he was six years old his perents moved to "Zitomir". His perents death has a big influence on him and on his works (at the future). After his father death he moved to live with his grand-father, and after 10 years of living with his grand-father he started his learning at the "Yeshiva-School".
At that time he started to write his first songs. In 1892 his first song - 'El-Hatzipor' was printed. In 1893 he got married and in the three next years he sat in the forests. In 1897 he began working as a teacher (in "Sosnovich").
In 1900 he moved to - "Odesa" he sat there for 20 years. In "Odesa" he wrote a few songs such as: "La Zachit Baar Min Haefker" and etc.
Bialik set-up the "Moria-publisher".
Bialik also translate a lot of books.
Bialik is consider as the most famous writer in the population of the Jewish writers.
Bialik was a great writer, and he was an inspiration to the other writers in his time and even to the writers that followed him, until this day.

Content	Discourse & Organization	Vocabulary	Language Usage & Convention
4	3	3	3

A Life Story

שאלון לתלמיד המבצע משימה

שלום תלמידים,

זה עתה סיימתם לעבוד על המשימה באנגלית. אנו מעוניינים ללמוד על ההתנסות שעברתם על מנת לשפר את המשימה. על כן אנו מבקשים שתקדישו מספר דקות כדי לענות על השאלות המצורפות כאן (ענו בעברית).
תודה לכם מראש על שיתוף הפעולה.

- האם התנסיתם במהלך לימודיכם בחטיבות הביניים (כל מקצועות הלימוד) במשימות מן הסוג הזה? (כן) / לא (הקיפו את התשובה המתאימה).
- מה במיוחד אהבתם במשימה ומה לא אהבתם? פרטו.

אהבתי לסכם על מבוגרים שגרים באזור.
לא אהבתי שלא היה ביאור את כל המילים
שרציתי לשמוע על smith ווש.

- מה היו הקשיים בביצוע המשימה? פרטו (אם היו מספר שאלות במשימה, אל תשכחו לציין את מספר השאלה שאליה אתם מתייחסים).

הקשיים שהיו בביצוע המשימה היו:
שתרגמתי את המאמר.

- מה הייתם משנים במשימה? פרטו.

מוסיפה: שאלות אמתי לגבי המאמר
שגרים שם בפועל.

- מה הייתם משנים ב- checklist ? פרטו.

כלום.

- האם יש עוד הערות/הארות/רעיונות שהייתם רוצים לחלוק אתנו? פרטו.

אין הערות/הארות/רעיונות לחלוק אתכם.