IL 15 ENI SO 01 17 (IL/14) Establishment of the Israeli National Qualifications Framework (NQF) as a mechanism to fostering the development of Israeli human capital





Israel, February 2019

#### National Qualifications Framework NQF in a nutshell: what NQF is and what it is not

# NQF objectives

- Contribute to the development of the Israeli human capital, by:
  - highlighting the quality of education and training
  - strengthening the link between education and employment
- Facilitate access to education, training and career paths
- Increase incoming and outgoing mobility
- Ensure equal opportunities in education, training and employment



# Design of NQF

#### The **design of a NQF** requires the development of:

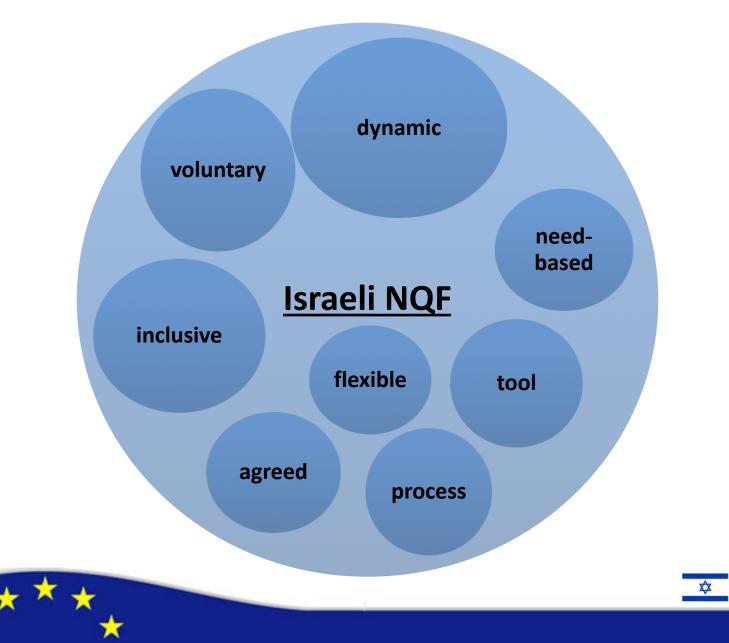
- a framework of levels with descriptors for each level
- procedures and criteria for accrediting and registering qualifications on the NQF

#### Two types of NQF:

- Loose framework a NQF based on general principles, with essentially a communicating and enabling role. In a loose framework differences in approach are accepted where considered necessary
- Tight framework a NQF that has detailed rules about qualification design and quality assurance and tends to apply common rules and procedures throughout all qualifications



#### **KEY WORDS FOR THE ISRAELI NQF**



2

### NQF based on learning outcomes

'Learning outcomes' means statements regarding what a learner knows, understands and is able to do on completion of a learning process, which are defined in terms of knowledge, skills and responsibility and autonomy



# NQF pillars

1. Involvement of the labour market

5. Transparency of the level

2. Learning outcome based

4. Assessment of learning/achievement

3. Learner centered approach



# Management of the NQF

- The size of a country and the complexity of its system determine what works best for the NQF
- International experience shows that governance and management of the NQF is usually assigned to an **APEX body.** This model is recommended for:
  - A centralized management
  - Periodic updating of contents
  - Coordination of sectorial authorities
  - Centralized dissemination activities



# Key actors/stakeholders

- Awarding bodies
- Education and training providers
- Quality assurance agencies
- Career guidance professionals
- Educators of teachers and trainers
- Employers and workers organizations
- Government departments and agencies
- Academic researchers working on education and labour force issues
- Learners and students
- Professional bodies
- Teachers and trainers staff associations
- Community and voluntary organizations



# Legislative framework

- Regulating the development of qualifications aims at
  - improving their quality
  - asking comparable qualifications
  - introducing national standards and learning outcomes to ensure relevance to the educational sector, labour market and society
- Alignment between the existing and new legislative frameworks for any type of qualifications. This requires mapping of all relevant laws and by-laws. There are two main options:
  - the adaption of any existing laws by making amendments and constructing new by-laws
  - the development of a completely new legislative framework
- NQFs are mostly established by primary laws, defining general principles, supplemented by secondary legislation defining the operational arrangements and resources for implementation



# Legislative framework

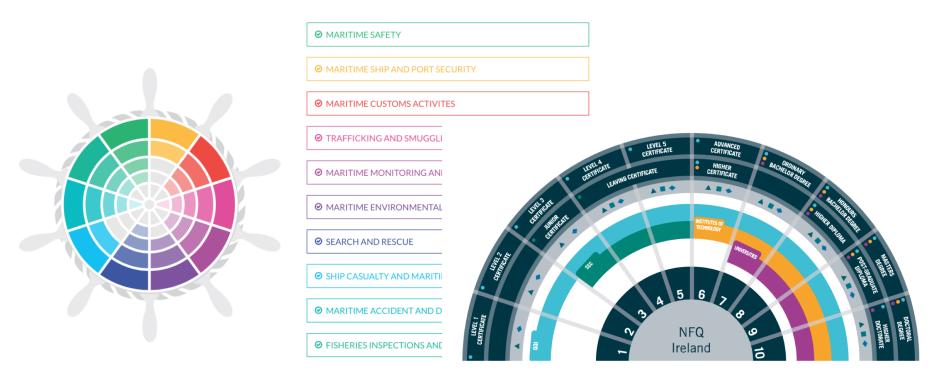
The features of a NQF that should be regulated include:

- Scope
- Structure
- Management
- A register of qualifications, and its link with the NQF
- Relationship with other instruments
- Learning outcomes as the basis for qualifications.
- Quality assurance (qualifications and NQF)



#### **VISIBILITY AND VISUAL IDENTITY**

A Brand Identity of a NQF is fundamental to present this instrument and to help users in order to use it at national and at international level.



LEVEL 1 CERTIFICATE	LEVEL 3 CERTIFICATE	LEVEL 4 CERTIFICATE	LEVEL 5 CERTIFICATE	ADVANCED CERTIFICATE	ORDINARY BACHELOR DEGREE		MASTERS DEGREE	DOCTORAL DEGREE
	JUNIOR CERTIFICATE	LEAVING CERTIFICATE		HIGHER CERTIFICATE	HIGHER	HIGHER DIPLOMA	POST- GRADUATE DIPLOMA	HIGHER DOCTORATE
QUALITY AND QUALIFICATIONS IRELAND (QQI)	STATE EXAMINATIONS COMMISSION (SEC)		INSTITUTES OF TECHNOLOGY		UNIVERSITIES			

#### NATIONAL QUALIFICATION FRAMEWORK

#### WHAT IT IS

NQF is an instrument of transparency

#### WHAT IT IS NOT

NQF is not a legal structure or binding for the country. No authomatic recognition Levelling no similaritiein orizzontally

NQF presents the entire picture of qualifications at national level, creating connections among sectors, starting from the current situation.

NQF is not a tool for authomatic recognition and levelling is not aimed to make uniform qualfications

NQF is a **flexible instrument** that will be able to systematize the national legal framework

NQF is not aimed to create a new legal instrument



### Thank You Todà



MINISTERO DELL' ISTRUZIONE, DELL'UNIVERSITÀ E DELLA RICERCA







EU Mandated Body

